IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA AT BLUEFIELD

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

CRIMINAL NO. 1:03-00178

CARL DEAN HUBBARD

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

In Charleston, on July 8, 2014, came the defendant, Carl Dean Hubbard, in person and by counsel, Debra Kilgore; came the United States by Larry Ellis, Assistant United States Attorney, and Edward Hood Dawson, III, pursuant to the Order of June 18, 2014, entered in Miscellaneous Case No. 2:14-MC-0127; and came United States Probation Officer Brett S. Taylor, for a hearing on the petition to revoke the defendant's term of supervised release.*

The court informed the defendant of the alleged violations contained in the petition to revoke the term of supervised release, filed on December 15, 2010, and the two addenda, filed on May 30, 2014, and June 11, 2014. The court advised the defendant that, pursuant to Rule 32.1(b) of the

^{*}The revocation hearing commenced on June 18, 2014, in Bluefield. On that day, defendant moved to dismiss the revocation proceedings for lack of jurisdiction. The court continued the revocation hearing in order to allow the parties to file briefs regarding the motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction.

On July 1, 2014, defendant filed a motion to withdraw his motion to dismiss and to proceed with the revocation hearing. That motion is hereby **GRANTED**.

Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, he has the right to a hearing and assistance of counsel before his term of supervised release could be revoked. Whereupon the defendant admitted the charges with respect to the First Addendum to the Petition that alleged he was indicted for Assault and Battery of a Law Enforcement Officer and the conduct alleged in the Second Addendum that he was outside the district. Thereafter, the court found those charges were established by a preponderance of the evidence.

Having heard arguments of counsel, the court found that the Guideline imprisonment range for the revocation of supervised release upon such grounds was 15 to 21 months. The court further found that the Guideline ranges issued by the Sentencing Commission with respect to revocation of probation and supervised release are policy statements only and are not binding on the court. Thus, the court stated that the relevant statutory provision is 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(3), which provides a maximum term of imprisonment of two years. Neither party objected to the Guideline range and statutory penalty as determined by the court. The court found that there was sufficient information before the court on which to sentence defendant without updating the presentence investigation report.

After giving counsel for both parties and defendant an opportunity to speak regarding the matter of disposition, the

court ORDERED, pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, that the defendant's term of supervised release be revoked, and he is to be incarcerated for a term of twenty-four (24) months. Defendant is to receive credit for time served in state custody while awaiting trial on state charges and it is the court's desire that defendant be released from custody immediately. Upon completion of his term of incarceration, the defendant will not be subject to any further supervision by the United States Probation Office in this criminal matter. Finally, defendant is ordered to pay the unpaid portion of his fine in the amount of \$3,825.

In considering the proper term of imprisonment to be imposed, the court considered the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a)(1), (a)(2)(B), (a)(2)(C), (a)(2)(D), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), and (a)(7), as well as the Chapter 7 policy statements and concluded that the sentence imposed is an appropriate sanction for the defendant's breach of trust, taking into account the nature and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant. The court further concluded that the sentence imposed will provide adequate deterrence to criminal conduct and protect the public from further crimes of the defendant.

The defendant was informed of his right to appeal the court's findings and the revocation of his supervised release.

The defendant was further informed that in order to initiate such an appeal, a Notice of Appeal must be filed in this court within fourteen (14) days. The defendant was advised that if he wishes to appeal and cannot afford to hire counsel to represent him on appeal, the court will appoint counsel for him. The defendant was further advised that if he so requests, the Clerk of court will prepare and file a notice of appeal on his behalf.

The defendant was remanded to the custody of the United States Marshals Service.

The Clerk is directed to forward a copy of this

Memorandum Opinion and Order to counsel of record, the United

States Marshal for the Southern District of West Virginia, and
the Probation Department of this court.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 10th day of July, 2014.

ENTER:

David A. Faber

Senior United States District Judge

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